Lawson Bridge Studio News February 2018

Jerome "Jerry" Scholle, editor lawsonbridgestudio@gmail.com 773-209-7089

Club Games - Rates are for each player

Games: 6:20 pm at Ann Sather's Restaurant, 909 West Belmont Ave, Chicago, IL

Feb 5	Open Pairs—\$12	Mar 5	Open Pairs—\$12
Feb 7	O/I Pairs—\$12	Mar 7	O/I Pairs—\$12
Feb 12	Open Pairs Grass Roots Fund—\$13	Mar 12	Open Pairs Grass Roots Fund—\$13
Feb 14	O/I Pairs Grassroots Fund Game—\$13	Mar 14	O/I Pairs Grassroots Fund Game—\$13
Feb 19	Open Pairs—\$12	Mar 19	Open Pairs—\$12
Feb 21	O/I Pairs—\$12	Mar 21	O/I Pairs—\$12
Feb 26	Swiss Teams Club Championship—\$12	Mar 26	Open Pairs—\$12
Feb 28	O/I Pairs Club Championship —\$12	Mar 28	O/I Pairs—\$12

Team Game Monday Feb 26th: Please form your teams; and let me know before 4 pm on Feb 26th for room set-up and an orderly start of the game. A sign-up sheet will be available at the games as well as registering with me at lawsonbridgestudio@gmail.com.

▲ 2017 LAW 31 - BID OUT OF ROTATION

When a player has bid out of rotation, has passed artificially or has passed partner's artificial call (see Law 30C, "When Pass Is Artificial") and the call is cancelled, the option in Law 29A, "Forfeiture of Right to Rectification" not having been exercised, the following provisions apply:

A. RHO's Turn to Call

When the offender has called at his RHO's turn to call, then:

- 1. If that opponent passes, offender must repeat the call out of rotation, and when that call is legal there is no rectification.
- 2. If that opponent makes a legal* bid, double or redouble, offender may make any legal call:
 - a. When the call is a comparable call (see Law 23A, "Comparable Call: Definition"), there is no further rectification. Law 26B, "No Rectification" does not apply; but see Law 23C, "Non-Offending Side Damaged".

Note: Comparable Call definition: (See January 2018 Bridge Bulletin for application examples) A call that replaces a withdrawn call is a comparable call, if it:

- 1. has the same or similar meaning as that attributable to the withdrawn call, or
- 2. defines a subset of the possible meanings attributable to the withdrawn call, or
- 3. has the same purpose (e.g. an asking bid or a relay) as that attributable to the withdrawn call.

When the call is not a comparable call (see Law 23A), offender's partner must pass when next it is his turn to call. Laws 16C, "Authorized and Unauthorized Information: Information from Withdrawn Calls and Plays," 26B, "Call Withdrawn: Lead Restrictions" and 72C, "General Principles: Awareness of Potential Damage" may apply.

B Partner's or LHO's Turn to Call

Note: The is a major change from the previous laws which required partner of the offender to pass throughout the action.

When the offender has bid at his partner's turn to call, or at his LHO's turn to call if the offender has not previously called, then:

1. Offender's partner may make any legal call at his proper turn, but Law 16C2, "Authorized and Unauthorized Information: Information from Withdrawn Calls and Plays," applies.

Note 16C2 reads: For an offending side, information arising from its own withdrawn action and from withdrawn actions of the non-offending side is unauthorized. A player of an offending side may not choose a call or play that is demonstrably suggested over another by unauthorized information if the other call or play is a logical alternative.

2. Offender may make any legal call at his correct turn and the Director rules as in A2(a) or A2(b) above.

C. Later Bids at LHO's Turn to Call

Later bids at LHO's turn to call are treated as changes of call and Law 25, "Legal and Illegal Changes of Call" applies.

^{*}An illegal call by RHO is rectified as usual